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ADMISSION TEST OF THE YEAR FROM VMC



FOR STUDENTS
PRESENTLY IN CLASS







Sample Paper -1 Year Medical Program

Vidyamandir Intellect Quest Test

Duration: 3.0 Hrs Maximum Marks: 480

PAPER SCHEME:

- The paper contains 120 Objective Type Questions divided into three sections: Section I (Physics),
 Section II (Chemistry) and Section III (Biology).
- Section I and II contain 30 Multiple Choice Questions each and Section III contains 60 questions. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLY ONE CHOICE is correct.

MARKING SCHEME:

• For each question in Section-I, II and III, **4 marks** will be awarded for correct answer and **-1 negative** marking for incorrect answer.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- For answering a question, an ANSWER SHEET (OMR SHEET) is provided separately. Please fill your Name, Roll Number, Seat ID, Date of Birth and the PAPER CODE properly in the space provided in the ANSWER SHEET. IT IS YOUR OWN RESPONSIBILITY TO FILL THE OMR SHEET CORRECTLY.
- The use of log tables, calculator and any other electronic device is strictly prohibited.
- Violating the examination room discipline will immediately lead to the cancellation of your paper and no excuses will be entertained.
- No one will be permitted to leave the examination hall before the end of the test.
- Please submit both the question paper and the answer sheet to the invigilator before leaving the examination hall.

SUGGESTIONS:

(A)

1

- Before starting the paper, spend 2-3 minutes to check whether all the pages are in order and report any issue to the invigilator immediately.
- Try to attempt the Sections in their respective order.
- Do not get stuck on a particular question for more than 1-1.5 minutes. Move on to a new question as there are 120 questions to solve.

SECTION - I [PHYSICS]

1.	Suppo	ose the kinetic	energy o	of a body os	cillating w	ith amplitude A	and at	a distance x is given by
	$K = -\frac{1}{x}$	$\frac{Bx}{c^2 + A^2}$. The dir	nensions	of B are the	same as tha	t of:		
	(A)	work/time	(B)	work × dis	tance (C)	work/distance	(D)	work × time
2.		_	_			calculated as $x = \frac{1}{2}$ entage error in x c		If the percentage errors in
	(A)	±13%	(B)	± 7%	(C)	± 4%	(D)	±1%
3.	A bloo	ck is initially at	rest. The		e acting on	the block at time $F = 10 \text{ t}$	t = 4 se	c will be:
	(A)	50 N	(B)	30 N	(C)	25 N	(D)	40 N
4.	A spri be:	ing of spring co	nstant k i	s broken in t	he length o	f ratio 1:3. The	spring o	constant of larger part will
	(4)	4k	(D)	2k	(C)	k	(D)	5 <i>k</i>

The adjacent sides of a parallelogram is represented by vectors $2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}$ and $\hat{i} + 4\hat{j}$. The area of the 5.

- parallelogram is: 5 units **(B)** 3 units **(C)** 8 units **(D)** 11 units (A)
- 6. A wire has a mass (0.3 ± 0.003) g, radius (0.5 ± 0.005) mm and length (6 ± 0.06) cm. The maximum percentage error in the measurement of density is:

(C)

3

8m

(D)

16m

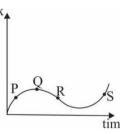
- 7. A body is released from the top of a tower of height H metre. After 2 seconds it is stopped and then instantaneously released. What will be its height after next 2 seconds?
- (A) (H-5) metre (B)(H-10) metre (C)(H-20) metre **(D)** (H-40) metre

(B)

- 8. A metal ball falls from a height of 32 metre on a steel plate. If the coefficient of restitution is 0.5, to what height will the ball rise after second bounce? **(B) (C) (D)**
- 9. A ball of mass m_1 makes a head on elastic collision with a ball of mass m_2 which is initially at rest. The transfer of kinetic energy to the second ball is maximum when:
 - **(D)** $m_1 \stackrel{\leq}{\sim} m_2$ **(C) (A)** $m_1 \gg m_2$ **(B)** $m_1 \ll m_2$ $m_1 = m_2$

- If θ be the angle between two vectors \vec{P} and \vec{Q} , then $\vec{P} \cdot (\vec{Q} \times \vec{P})$ is equal to 10.
 - (A) zero
- $P^2O\cos\theta$ **(B)**
- **(C)** $PO^2 \sin \theta$
- **(D)** PO^2
- If a vector \vec{P} making angles α, β and γ respectively with the X, Y and Z axes respectively. Then 11. $\sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \beta + \sin^2 \gamma =$
 - (A)
- **(B)**
- **(C)**
- 12. The displacement-time graph for two bodies P and Q are straight lines inclined at angles of 30° and 60° with the time-axis. Then the ratio of their velocities is respectively equal to
 - $1:\sqrt{3}$ (A)
- **(B)**
- **(C)**
- **(D)** 1:3
- A car accelerates from rest at a constant rate 'A' for some time, after which it decelerates at a constant rate 13. 'B' and comes to rest. If the total time elapsed is T, then the maximum velocity acquired by the car is:
 - (A) $\left(\frac{A^2 + B^2}{AB}\right)$ (B) $\left(\frac{A^2 B^2}{AB}\right)$ T (C) $\left(\frac{A + B}{AB}\right)$ T (D)

- 14. A reference frame attached to the earth:
 - is an inertial frame by definition (A)
 - **(B)** cannot be an inertial frame because the earth is revolving round the sun
 - is an inertial frame because Newton's law are applicable in this frame **(C)**
 - **(D)** is an inertial frame because the earth is rotating about its own axis
- The time (t) is expressed as a function of distance (x) as, $t = \alpha x^2 + \beta x$, where α and β are constants. Then 15. the retardation is given by
 - (A) $2\alpha\beta v^2$
- **(B)**
- $2 \beta v^3$
- **(D)** none of these
- A stone is dropped into a well in which the level of water is H below the top of the well. If u is velocity of 16. sound, the time t after which the splash is heard is given by
 - (A)
- **(B)** $t = \sqrt{\frac{2H}{g}} + \frac{H}{u}$ **(C)** $t = \sqrt{\frac{2H}{u}} + \frac{H}{g}$ **(D)** None of these
- **17.** The displacement (x) versus time (t) graph of a moving particle is shown below. The instantaneous velocity of the particle is negative at the point



- (A) P
- **(B)** Q
- **(C)** R
- S **(D)**
- 18. Three forces acting on a body are shown in figure. To have the resultant force only along the y-direction, the magnitude of the minimum additional force needed is:



- **(B)**
- **(C)** 0.5 N
- **(D)** 1.5 N

19.	A cylinder of height h is placed on an inclined plane, the angle of inclination of which is slowly increased.
	It begins to topple when the angle of inclination is 45°. What is the radius of the cylinder?

(A)

(B) $\frac{3}{4}h$

(C) $\frac{1}{2}h$

 $(\mathbf{D}) \qquad \frac{1}{4}h$

20. A particle of mass 4 m at rest explodes into three fragments. Two of the fragments each of mass m each move with speed v at right angles to each other. The kinetic energy released in the process is:

 $2 mv^2$ **(A)**

(B) $\frac{3}{2}mv^2$ **(C)** $\frac{1}{2}mv^2$

An object of mass 3 kg is at rest. Now a force of $\vec{F} = 6t^2\hat{i} + 4t\hat{j}$ is applied on the object then velocity of 21. object at t = 3 sec. is

 $18\hat{i} + 3\hat{i}$ (A)

 $18\hat{i} + 6\hat{i}$ **(B)**

(C) $3\hat{i} + 18\hat{j}$

22. A heavy uniform chain lies on a horizontal table top. If the coefficient of friction between the chain and the table surface is 0.25, then the maximum percentage of the length of the chain that can hang off the edge of the table is

(A) 20% **(B)** 25% (C) 35% **(D)** 45%

23. A rod of length '2m' and mass 0.5 kg is pivoted at one end as shown in figure. The increase in potential energy when $\theta = 60^{\circ}$ is $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$



(A) 1.25 J **(B)** 2.5 J **(C)** 5 J **(D)** 10 J

 $x^2 + y^2 = 5$ is an equation of: 24.

A straight line (B)

A circle(C)

A parabola

(D) An ellipse

25. Slope of the line represented by y = 3x + 4 is:

(C)

(D)

 $\left(1 + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{64} \dots \infty\right) =$ 26.

(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

27. If $165^{\circ} = n\pi$ radian, then find the value of n.

(B)

(C)

(D)

Value of sin120° is: 28.

(B)

(C)

(D)

29. $\sin 2\theta$ is equal to:

> (A) $2\sin\theta\cos\theta$

 $2\sin^2\theta$ **(B)**

 $2\cos^2\theta$ **(C)**

 $\sin^2\theta - \cos^2\theta$ **(D)**

If $y = x^n$, then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$ **30.**

> nx^{n-1} **(A)**

(B)

 nx^{n+1} **(C)**

 $(n-1)x^n$ **(D)**

SECTION – II [CHEMISTRY]

- **31.** Ce (58) is a member of:
 - (A) s-block
- **(B)** *p*-block
- (C) *d*-block
- **(D)** *f*-block

- **32.** Which of these is the best oxidizing agent?
 - **(A)**
- F₂

ICl₃

- (\mathbf{B}) O_2
- (**C**) Cl₂
- (\mathbf{D}) O_3

- **33.** Which of these is linear?
 - **(A)**
- **(B)**

- (**C**)
- **(D)** SF₆
- **34.** Which of the following shows geometrical isomerism?
 - (A) 1–Butene
- **(B)** 2–Butene

 I_3^-

C) Propene

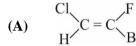
В

ICl₅

(**D**) 1–Pentene

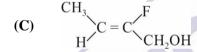
- **35.** Which of the following elements are bridge elements?
 - (A) Li
- **(B)**
- **(C)**
- **(D)** All of these

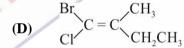
36. Which of these is has Z–configuration?





$$Cl$$
 $C = C$
 Br



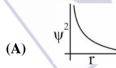


- **37.** Electron affinity is numerically the greatest for:
 - (A)
- O
- **(B)**

(C)

F

- **(D)** Na
- **38.** Which of these radial probability density plots is correct for 2s-orbital?



(B)



(C)

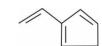




- **39.** Out of the following which is correct?
 - (A) Molecular orbitals are more stable than atomic orbitals
 - **(B)** Molecular orbitals have different shape than atomic orbitals
 - (C) Electron cloud extends all around the nuclei of bonded atoms in the molecules
 - **(D)** All are correct
- **40.** Ionic hydrides are formed by:
 - (A) transition metals

- **(B)** elements of very high electro-positivity
- (C) elements of very low electro-positivity (D)
- metalloids
- **41.** 2-ethenyl-3-methyl-cyclohexa-1,3-diene will be





(B)



(C)



(D)



- **42.** Number of moles of $K_2Cr_2O_7$ reduced by one mole of Sn^{+2} will be:
 - **(A)**
- 1/3
- **(B)**
- **(C)**
- 1/2
- **(D)** 6

43. The correct IUPAC name of



- (A) 1–(2–cyclohexanone–enyl)–2–butanone (B)
- 1-(2-oxobutyl)-cyclohexanone
- (C) 1-(2-cyclohex-2-one-1-enyl)butanone (D)
- 2-(3-oxobutyl)-cyclohexanone

44. One fermi is:

- (A) 10^{-13} cm
- **(B)** $10^{-15} cm$
- (C) $10^{-10} cm$
- **(D)** $10^{-12} cm$

45. A picometre is written as:

- (A) $10^{-9} m$
- **(B)** $10^{-10} m$
- (C) $10^{-11}m$
- **(D)** 10^{-12}

46. One atmosphere is equal to:

- (**A**) 101.325 K pa (**B**)
- **(B)** 1013.25 *K pa*
 - a (**C**)
- $10^5 Nm$
- (**D**) None of these

47. The violet colour obtained with sodium nitroprusside in the test of sulphur in organic compounds is due to the formation of:

(A) $Na_3[Fe(CN)_6]$

(B) $Na_4[Fe(CN)_5NOS]$

(C) $Na_2[Fe(CN)_5S]$

(**D**) $Na_4[Fe(CN)_6]$

48. The maximum number of stereoisomers possible for 3-hydroxy-2-methyl butanoic acid is:

- (A)
- **(B)** 2
- **(C)**
- **(D)** 4

49. Which one of the following compounds is the most acidic?

(A) $HO-CH_2-COOH$

- **(B)**
- O_2N-CH_2-COOH

(C) $CI-CH_2-COOH$

(**D**) $NC-CH_2-COOH$

50. According to the Huckel's rule, which of the following species will be aromatic?



(II)



(III)



- **(A)**
- (I)
- **(B)** (II)
- **(C)** (III)
- **(D)** (IV)

51. The potential energy of the e⁻ present in the ground state in Li⁺² is represented by the expression:

- $(\mathbf{A}) \qquad \frac{+3\mathrm{e}^2}{4\pi\varepsilon_0 \mathrm{r}}$
- **(B)** $\frac{-3e}{4\pi\varepsilon_0}$
- (C) $\frac{-3e^2}{4\pi\varepsilon_0 r^2}$
- $\mathbf{(D)} \qquad \frac{-3e^2}{4\pi\varepsilon_0 t}$

 CO_2

52. Identify the species not capable of acting as an electrophile:

- **(A)**
- BCl₃
- (\mathbf{B}) AlCl₃
- **(C)**

 NH_4^+

(D)

53. Which of the following is correct order regarding the acidity of carboxylic acids?

- (A) $(CH_3)_3 CCOOH > (CH_3)_2 CHCOOH > CH_3 CH_2 COOH$
- (B) $(CH_3)_3 CCOOH > (CH_3)_2 CHCOOH < CH_3 CH_2 COOH$
- (C) $(CH_3)_3 CCOOH < (CH_3)_2 CHCOOH > CH_3 CH_2 COOH$
- (D) $(CH_3)_3 CCOOH < (CH_3)_2 CHCOOH < CH_3 CH_2 COOH$

54.	Which		•	ect order regard	ling –I eff	ect of the subst	ituents?			
	(A)	$-NH_2 > -C$	OH > -F		(B)	$-NH_2 < -OH$	H < -F			
	(C)	$-NH_2 > -C$	OH < -F		(D)	$-NH_2 < -OH$	I > -F			
55.	of the	acid is	•			•		on. The equivalent weight		
	(A)	26	(B)	52	(C)	104	(D)	156		
56.			•	nces has the hig		0 1				
	(A)	NaCl	(B)	KCl	(C)	MgO	(D)	BaO		
57.	Which (A) (B) (C) (D)	These do no These can to	ot travel in ransfer mo lectromagr	ture of cathode straight lines mentum to anot tetic rays and pro- t statements	ther body	vith the velocity	y <mark>of</mark> light			
58.	Which	n of the follow	ing does n	ot contain any	coordinate	e bond?				
	(A)	H_3O^+	(B)	BF ₄	(C)	HF_2^-	(D)	$\mathrm{NH_4}^+$		
59.	Which	n of these allot	tropes of c	arbon is soluble	in benzei	ne?				
	(A)	Coal	(B)	Graphite	(C)	Diamond	(D)	Buckminster fullerene		
60.	In wh	ich of the follo	owing diate	omic molecules	/ions is th	e bond order of	each mo	elecule/ion = 2.5?		
	(A)	N_2^+ , NO, O	(B)	O ₂ ⁺ , NO, CN	(C)	N_2^+, CN^-, O	⁺ ₂ (D)	CN^{-}, N_{2}^{+}, N_{2}		
					-	-				
				SECTION -		_				
61.			<u> </u>	ents characteris			ng proper	ty of living organisms?		
	(A) (C)	Cellular org			(B) (D)	metabolism consciousnes	e e			
					` ′		33			
62.	Scient (A)		ny organis (B)	m consist of		words:	(D)	nono		
		one	, ,	two	(C)	three	(D)	none		
63.	House (A)	eflies are inclu Musca	ded in fam (B)	ily Muscidae	(C)	Diptera	(D)	Insecta		
64.	Artific	cial system of	classificat	ion is based on:						
	(A)	anatomy ar			(B)	Visible morp	hologica	l characters		
	(C)	chemical co	omposition	1	(D)	evolution				
65.	Glyco (1) (2)									
	(3)			ost immunity						
		_	_	ng above stater		Omly, atatas:	mt 2 ! ~ ! ··	a a ma a t		
	(A) (C)	Only Staten Only statem			(B) (D)	Only statement All statement				
	(0)	Omy statem	1011t 2 13 III	Correct		in statement	is are con	1001		

66.		statement corre		_	Protista	?		
	(A) (B) (C) (D)	all members of	oth unicell of this kin	well defined ular eukaryotes igdom are of ar include sapropl	nimal in r			
67.		ch of the follow gymnosperms phanerogams	ving group s		•	e sex organs? angiosperms pteridophyte		
68.		reproductive main plant bo they are motil	nent regar stage is re ody is flag le in there	epresented by n	yta: notile spo	ore		
69.	Bryoph (A) (B) (C) (D)	They are exclusion They live in water They need was	usively ac vater durin ter for fer	as amphibians quatic in nature ng day and on letilization of gabecomes during	and durii			
70.	Identif (A)	y the first embralgae	yophytes: (B)	fungi	(C)	gymnosperms	(D)	bryophytes
71.	(A)	of the followin Pteridophytes	s (B)	angiosperms	cryptog (C)	amae? gymnosperms	(D)	bryophyte
72.	Which (A)	of the followin pea	g is a fals (B)	e fruit? papaver	(C)	apple	(D)	mango
73.	Which (A)	part of apple is	edible? (B)	thalamus	(C)	ovule	(D)	testa
74.	Banan (A)	a is a kind of parthenocarpi		uit. pome	(C)	pepo	(D)	balausta
75.	Tap ro (A)	oot system in dic plumule	cots develors (B)	ops from of en radicle	nbryo: (C)	epicotyl	(D)	hypocotyl
76.		umber of species t option from the 1.4 to 1.5 mil 1.7 to 1.8 mil	e followir lion		(B) (D)	1.6 to 1.7 million 1.9 to 2 million	Fill in t	he blanks with the
77.	Growt	h in living organ	nisms is fi	rom: inside	(C)	both a and b	(D)	none of these
78.	Growt (A) (B) (C) (D)	all living orga non-living thi non-living thi	anisms do ings grow ings also	not show grov from inside grow	vth	re of living organisms	because:	

79.	Which	n of the followir	ng group o	of organisms ca	ın be pre	esent in deep sea	water?		
	(A)	Eubacteria			(B)	Blue-green a	lgae		
	(C)	Saprophytic	fungi		(D)	Red Algal			
80.	Read	the following st	atements	and identify the	e correct	option regarding	g fungi.		
	(A)	They are auto	otrophic		(B)	They lack a r	igid cell wal	1	
	(C) They are heterotrophs				(D)	They lack a r	nuclear mem	brane	
81.	grow from any part of plant other than radicle.								
	(A)	taproots	1		(B)	adventitious	roots		
	(C)	both (A) and	(B)		(D)	epiphytic roc	ots		
82.	The ro	oots that have sv	vellings a	t regular interv	als are c	alled			
	(A)	nodulose	(B)	fasciculated	(C)	moniliform	(1	D)	tuberous
83.	Aerial	hanging roots	oresent in	a Banvan tree i	is:				
	(A)	fibrous	(B)	respiratory	(C)	epiphytic	(1	D)	prop roots
84.	In wh	ich plant, root h	as symbio	otic relationshir	with cy	vanobacteria:			
• ••	(A)	Cycas	(B)	Equisetum	(C)	Psilotum	O.	D)	Pinus
85.		•	` ′			isogamous game		,	
05.	(A)	Spirogyra	ig organis	sin produce non	(B)	Volvox	ites!		
	(C)	Fucus			(D)	Chlamydomo	nas		
07				ما دار در الم		•			
86.	(A)	Plant cells-C		ang cen and the	(B)	wall degrading er Algae-Methy	•		
	(A) (C)	Fungi-Chitin			(D)	Bacteria-Lys			
0=				11.00		·	OZYMC		
87.		n of the following					a	D)	Manahantia
	(A)	Funaria	(B)	Sphagnum	(C)	Salvinia		D)	Marchantia
88.		growing in swa	ımp areas	have some roo	ts which	shows positive	geotropism.	These	roots are known
	as:	nnaumatanha	# 0.0		(D)	mary a a multi stall			
	(A) (C)	pneumatopho pneumathode			(B) (D)	mycorrhizal assimilatory			
00		•			, ,	•			
89	_		nitrogen f	ixation, present	•	obacteria is knov	vn as:		
	(A)	Akinetes			(B)	Heterocysts			
	(C)	Hormogonia			(D)	Nodules			
90.		the correct state		-					
	(A)	-		isms is from in					
	(B)	only living o	•	ip to a certain a	ge				
	(C) (D)	all of the abo	•	grow					
91.		of the following	_			A a 1: 4 -	(D)	C - 1	mtauat
	(A) P	latyhelminthes	(B) As	scheiminthes	(C)	Annelids	(D)	Coele	nterates
92.		of the following		ilateral symmet	-				
		elly fish, Comb	•		(B)	Earthworm, Ro			
	(C) T	ape worm, star	tish		(D)	sponge, sea ane	mone		

93.	Whice (A)	h of the following Platyhelminthes		nisms have flame ce Annelids	ells as e	xcretory cells? Mollusca	(D)	Arthropoda
94.	Whice (A)	h of the following Petromyzon	g anim (B)	al is a vertebrate bu Dog fish		jaws? Seals	(D)	Snakes
95.	Whice (A) (B) (C) (D)	Bony fish have Bony fishes are Bony fishes hav	placoio marino e sepa	d scales, but cartilage but cartilaginous f rate sexes but cartil	ginous f ish are aginous	not		
96.	Which (A) (C)	h of the following Presence of ear Hair on body	_	roperty only of mai ring	mmals? (B) (D)	Warm blooded Viviparity		
97.	Whice (A) (C)	h of the following fallopian tube or fallopian tube ar	nly	ture has ciliated epi vman's capsule	thelia? (B) (D)	Bronchioles and falle Bowman's capsule o	•	ube
98.	Whic (A) (C)	h of the following Adipose tissue Dense regular co			(B) (D)	Epithelial tissue Muscular tissue		
99.	Whice (A)	h of the following Gap Junction		ions prevent leakag Plasmodesmata	e from (C)	one cell to another? Tight Junction	(D)	Adhering Junction
100.	Whic (A)			les are involuntary Muscles of Heart	-	lindrical shape? Muscles of Intestine	(D)	Muscles of Shoulder
101.	Whic (A) (C)	Inhibiting anoth	er neu	t function of a neuro ron n on another neuron	(B)	Stimulating another Both (A) and (C)	neuron	
102.	Which (A) (C)	h of the following Ligament Loose connectiv		ture joins bone to m	(B) (D)	Tendon Both (B) and (C)		
103.	Whice (A)	h of the following Mollusca	g phylu (B)	um show alternation Echinodermata	•	eration? Coelenterate	(D)	Platyhelminthes
104.	Which (A)	h of the following Octopus	-	o known as saw fish <i>Lepisma</i>	h? (C)	Trygon	(D)	Pristis
105.	Which (A)	h cell organelle is Ribosome	s respo	nsible for packagin Nucleus	g of sec (C)	eretory proteins? Golgi body	(D)	Mitochondria
106.	An er (A) (C)	nzyme is Biological cataly Mostly heat labi			(B) (D)	Mostly protein in nat All of these	ure	
107.		mall unit of euka	-	ribosome is:	(C)	60 s	(D)	80 s

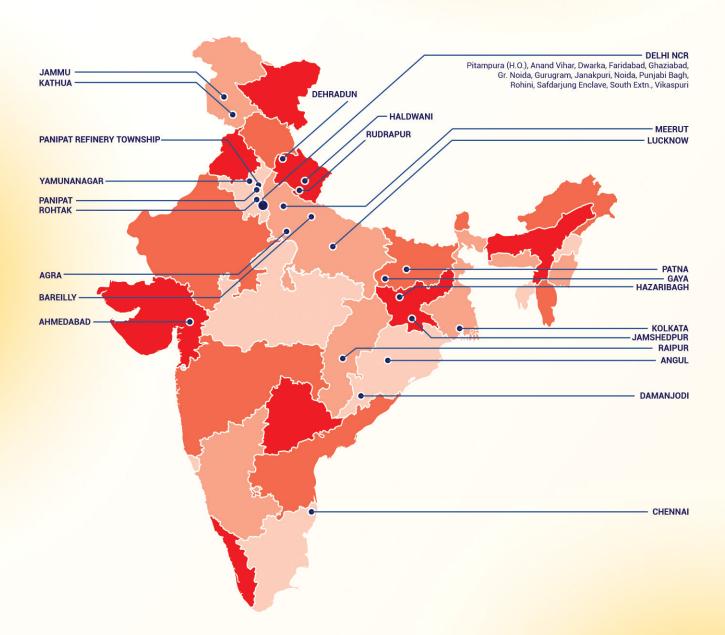
108.	Gluce (A) (C)	ose is not: A monosaccharic sweet sugar	de		(B) (D)	monomer of Glycog a pentose	en		
109.	Acco (A) (C)	ording to Singer an Fluid Quasi fluid	d Nich	olson the structur	re of plass (B) (D)	ma membrane is: solid Liquid of very low v	viscosit	y	
110.	Which	ch of the following Mitochondria	,	ouble walled struc Chloroplast	cture in a	n animal cell? Ribosome	(D)	Both	(A) and (B)
111.	Whice (A) (C)	ch of the following Lysosome Mitochondria	is not	a part of endome	mbrane s (B) (D)	ystem? Vacuole Endoplasmic r <mark>eticul</mark>	um		
112.	Whice (A)	ch of the following Amyloplast	_	l is a store house Chromoplast	of starch (C)	? Aleuroplast	(D)	Elaic	plast
113.	How (A)	many peripheral o	loublet (B)	s are seen in a str	ucture of (C)	transverse section of 11	cilia? (D)	18	
114.	The (A)	chromosomes with Metacentric		nort arm and <mark>anoth</mark> Sub–Metacentric		tly longer arm are: Acentric	(D)	Both	(A) and (B)
	(A) (C)	ify the correct con Maltose: Glucos Amylose: Galac ify the amino–acid	se + Ga etose +	lactose	(B) (D)	Lactose : Glucose + Sucrose : Glucose +			
				H ₂ N -	H -C-CO - CH ₃	ОН			
	(A)	Glycine	(B)	Serine	(C)	Alanine	((D)	Aspartic acid
117.	Whice (A) (C)	ch of the following Codeine, Abrin Concavalin A, G		rect combination	of second (B) (D)	dary metabolite? glutamic acid, cellul ricin, Aspartic acid	lose		
118.	Whice (A)	ch of the following metal ion	_	an enzyme for pe vitamins	rforming (C)		(D)	all of	these
119.	Whice (A)	ch of the following proteins		st abundant chemi	ical in liv (C)		(D)	Carb	ohydrates
120.		ement 1: Activity of ement 2: Activity of Statement 1 corresponds to Statement 1 and	of an ei	nzyme is directly	_	onal to temperature Statement 2 correct Statement 1 and 2 be	-	false	

		1Ye	ar Medical	Sample Paper Answe	r Key		
S.No	Code - A Answer	Code A Difficulty	Code-A Subject	Topics	Code-A Skill	Code-A +ve marks	Code-A -ve marks
1	С	Moderate	Physics	Units and measurement	Numerical	4	1
2	Α	Moderate	Physics	Units and measurement	Application	4	1
3	D	Moderate	Physics	Laws of Motion	Numerical	4	1
4	Α	Moderate	Physics	Laws of Motion	Application	4	1
5	Α	Easy	Physics	Vectors	Memory	4	1
6	D	Moderate	Physics	Units and measurement	Numerical	4	1
7	Α	Moderate	Physics	Motion in a straight line	Numerical	4	1
8	Α	Moderate	Physics	Work, Energy and Power	Numerical	4	1
9	В	Difficult	Physics	Work, Energy and Power	Application	4	1
10	Α	Easy	Physics	Vectors	Application	4	1
11	С	Difficult	Physics	Vectors	Application	4	1
12	D	Difficult	Physics	Motion in a straight line	Application	4	1
13	D	Moderate	Physics	Motion in a straight line	Application	4	1
14	В	Easy	Physics	Laws of Motion	Conceptual	4	1
15	В	Difficult	Physics	Motion in a straight line	Numerical	4	1
16	В	Moderate	Physics	Motion in a straight line	Numerical	4	1
17	С	Moderate	Physics	Motion in a straight line	Numerical	4	1
18	С	Moderate	Physics	Laws of Motion	Numerical	4	1
19	С	Moderate	Physics	Laws of Motion	Numerical	4	1
20	В	Moderate	Physics	Work, Energy and Power	Numerical	4	1
21	В	Difficult	Physics	Laws of Motion	Numerical	4	1
22	А	Moderate	Physics	Laws of Motion	Numerical	4	1
23	В	Moderate	Physics	Work, Energy and Power	Numerical	4	1
24	В	Easy	Physics	Physical World	Numerical	4	1
25	А	Easy	Physics	Physical World	Numerical	4	1
26	С	Medium	Physics	Physical World	Numerical	4	1
27	В	Easy	Physics	Physical World	Numerical	4	1
28	Α	Easy	Physics	Physical World	Numerical	4	1
29	Α	Easy	Physics	Physical World	Numerical	4	1
30	А	Easy	Physics	Physical World	Numerical	4	1
31	D	Easy	Chemistry	Periodic Properties	Memory	4	1
32	А	Easy	Chemistry	Redox reactions	Memory	4	1
33	В	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Bonding	Application	4	1
34	В	Easy	Chemistry	GOC (Isomerism)	Application	4	1
35	D	Easy	Chemistry	Periodic Properties	Conceptual	4	1
36	С	Easy	Chemistry	GOC (Isomerism)	Application	4	1
37	В	Easy	Chemistry	Periodic Properties	Memory	4	1
38	С	Moderate	Chemistry	Structure of atom	Conceptual	4	1
39	D	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Bonding	Memory	4	1
40	В	Moderate	Chemistry	Chemical Bonding	Calculation	4	1
41	С	Easy	Chemistry	GOC (Nomenclature)	Application	4	1
42	Α	Easy	Chemistry	Redox reactions	Application	4	1
43	D	Easy	Chemistry	GOC (Nomenclature)	Application	4	1
44	Α	Moderate	Chemistry	Some Basic Concept of Chemistry	Conceptual	4	1
45	D	Easy	Chemistry	Some Basic Concept of Chemistry	Memory	4	1
46	Α	Easy	Chemistry	Some Basic Concept of Chemistry	Calculation	4	1
47	В	Easy	Chemistry	GOC (Purification)	Memory	4	1
48	D	Easy	Chemistry	GOC (Isomerism)	Application	4	1
		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1	

S.No	Code - A Answer	Code A Difficulty	Code-A Subject	Topics	Code-A Skill	Code-A +ve marks	Code-A -ve marks
49	В	Moderate	Chemistry	GOC	Memory	4	1
50	В	Easy	Chemistry	GOC	Memory	4	1
51	D	Moderate	Chemistry	Structure of atom	Conceptual	4	1
52	С	Moderate	Chemistry	GOC	Calculation	4	1
53	D	Easy	Chemistry	GOC	Memory	4	1
54	В	Easy	Chemistry	GOC	Memory	4	1
55	В	Easy	Chemistry	Some Basic Concept of Chemistry	Calculation	4	1
56	С	Moderate	Chemistry	Chemical Bonding	Calculation	4	1
57	В	Easy	Chemistry	Structure of atom	Memory	4	1
58	С	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Bonding	Application	4	1
59	D	Easy	Chemistry	GOC	Memory	4	1
60	Α	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Bonding	Memory	4	1
61	С	Easy	Biology	Living World	Memory	4	1
62	В	Easy	Biology	Living World	Conceptual	4	1
63	В	Easy	Biology	Living World	Memory	4	1
64	В	Moderate	Biology	Plant Kingdom	Memory	4	1
65	С	Difficulty	Biology	Biological Classification	Memory	4	1
66	А	Moderate	Biology	Biological Classification	Memory	4	1
67	D	Easy	Biology	Plant Kingdom	Memory	4	1
68	D	Moderate	Biology	Plant Kingdom	Memory	4	1
69	С	Easy	Biology	Plant Kingdom	Concptual	4	1
70	D	Easy	Biology	Plant Kingdom	Concptual	4	1
71	А	Easy	Biology	Plant Kingdom	Memory	4	1
72	С	Easy	Biology	Morphology of Flowering Plants	Memory	4	1
73	В	Easy	Biology	Morphology of Flowering Plants	Memory	4	1
74	Α	Easy	Biology	Morphology of Flowering Plants	Memory	4	1
75	В	Easy	Biology	Morphology of Flowering Plants	Concptual	4	1
76	С	Easy	Biology	Living World	Concptual	4	1
77	В	Easy	Biology	Living World	Concptual	4	1
78	С	Moderate	Biology	Living World	Concptual	4	1
79	D	Moderate	Biology	Biological Classification	Memory	4	1
80	С	Easy	Biology	Biological Classification	Memory	4	1
81	В	Easy	Biology	Morphology of Flowering Plants	Memory	4	1
82	С	Moderate	Biology	Morphology of Flowering Plants	Memory	4	1
83	D	Easy	Biology	Morphology of Flowering Plants	Application	4	1
84	Α	Easy	Biology	Morphology of Flowering Plants	Application	4	1
85	Α	Easy	Biology	Plant Kingdom	Memory	4	1
86	В	Moderate	Biology	Biological Classification	Cnceptual	4	1
87	D	Moderate	Biology	Plant Kingdom	Application	4	1
88	A	Moderate	Biology	Morphology of Flowering Plants	Memory	4	1
89	В	Moderate	Biology	Biological Classification	Memory	4	1
90	A	Moderate	Biology	Living World	Conceptual	4	1
91	С	Easy	Biology	Animal Kingdom	Application	4	1
92	В	Easy	Biology	Animal Kingdom	Conceptual	4	1
93	A	Easy	Biology	Animal Kingdom	Memory	4	1
94	A	Easy	Biology	Animal Kingdom	Conceptual	4	1
95	D	Easy	Biology	Animal Kingdom	Memory	4	1
96	С	Moderate	Biology	Animal Kingdom	Conceptual	4	1
97	В	Easy	Biology	Structure Organism in Animal	Memory	4	1
98	Α	Easy	Biology	Structure Organism in Animal	Memory	4	1

S.No	Code - A Answer	Code A Difficulty	Code-A Subject	Topics	Code-A Skill	Code-A +ve marks	Code-A -ve marks
99	С	Easy	Biology	Structure Organism in Animal	Memory	4	1
100	В	Moderate	Biology	Structure Organism in Animal	Memory	4	1
101	С	Easy	Biology	Structure Organism in Animal	Conceptual	4	1
102	В	Easy	Biology	Structure Organism in Animal	Memory	4	1
103	С	Moderate	Biology	Animal Kingdom	Conceptual	4	1
104	D	Moderate	Biology	Animal Kingdom	Conceptual	4	1
105	С	Moderate	Biology	Cell – The unit of life	Application	4	1
106	D	Easy	Biology	Cell – The unit of life	Conceptual	4	1
107	В	Easy	Biology	Cell – The unit of life	Conceptual	4	1
108	D	Easy	Biology	Bio Molecule	Conceptual	4	1
109	С	Easy	Biology	Cell – The unit of life	Memory	4	1
110	Α	Easy	Biology	Cell – The unit of life	Memory	4	1
111	С	Easy	Biology	Cell – The unit of life	Memory	4	1
112	Α	Easy	Biology	Cell – The unit of life	Conceptual	4	1
113	Α	Easy	Biology	Cell – The unit of life	Memory	4	1
114	В	Moderate	Biology	Cell – The unit of life	Memory	4	1
115	D	Easy	Biology	Bio Molecule	Application	4	1
116	С	moderate	Biology	Bio Molecule	Conceptual	4	1
117	Α	Easy	Biology	Bio Molecule	Conceptual	4	1
118	D	Moderate	Biology	Bio Molecule	Conceptual	4	1
119	В	Moderate	Biology	Bio Molecule	Conceptual	4	1
120	Α	Moderate	Biology	Bio Molecule	Conceptual	4	1

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