

(CODE : 1P)



NARAYANA

IIT-JEE / NEET / FOUNDATIONS

NSAT-2021

Class XII Moving to Class XII Pass (PCM)

MATHEMATICS, PHYSICS & CHEMISTRY

NARAYANA SCHOLASTIC APTITUDE TEST (NSAT)

Time: 1:00 Hr.

Date : 28-11-21

Maximum marks: 140

SET-1

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The test Booklet consists of 35 questions. The maximum marks are 140.
2. There are three parts in the question paper of Mathematics, Physics & Chemistry having 35 questions. Each question is allotted 4 (four) marks for each correct response.
3. No Negative Marking.
4. Mark only one correct answer out of four alternatives.
5. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars/markings.
6. Use of Calculator is not allowed.
7. Dark the circle in the space provided only.
8. Use of white fluid or any other material which damage the answer sheet, is not permissible on the Answer Sheet.

TO BE FILLED IN CAPITAL LETTERS

NAME OF THE STUDENT : _____

FATHER'S NAME : _____

CONTACT NUMBERS: _____ SCHOOL NAME : _____

ROLL NO. : _____ TEST CENTRE : _____

I have read all the instructions and shall abide by them

.....

Signature of the Candidate

I have verified all the information filled in by the Candidate

.....

Signature of the Invigilator



EDUCATION IS INTEGRAL FOR GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT

Education is integral for the growth and development of an individual. The expectation from an educational institute is always about making the society better for all and to bring out one's true Potential in the service of mankind.

At Narayana, we believe that a student's education is complete only when we are able to contribute towards his/her overall development besides imparting knowledge based and career oriented training.

With an aim to provide top of the league training to students to excel in every sphere of their lives, Narayana Group has been focusing on result oriented inputs.

Narayana's courses have been designed to cater to all the needs of the aspirants to help them excel in various competitive as well as Board examinations. Innovative strategies and techniques adopted in our centres keep our students abreast of the ever-changing pattern of top level Engineering/Medical Entrance Exams. As a result, Narayana's time-tested learning formulae are percolating to far-flung corners of India to benefit students from all backgrounds.

"Footprints on the sands of time are not made by sitting down". Today we rededicate the last 4 decades of our success to your dreams. I wish all our students a very successful academic year ahead.

Dr. P. NARAYANA

Founder, Narayana Group

MATHEMATICS

1. The domain of $f(x) = \log_{10} \frac{x-5}{x^2-10x+24} - \sqrt[3]{x+5}$
- (A) $(4, 5)$ (B) $(6, \infty)$ (C) $(4, 5) \cup (6, \infty)$ (D) $(4, 5] \cup (6, \infty)$
2. If $f(x) = \cos(\log x)$ then the value of $f(x^2)f(y^2) - \frac{1}{2} \left[f\left(\frac{x^2}{y^2}\right) + f(x^2y^2) \right]$ is
- (A) -2 (B) -1 (C) $\frac{1}{2}$ (D) None
3. Give $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow [0, 1]; f(x) = 2x - [2x]$ then it is.
- (A) one – one in $\left[0, \frac{1}{2}\right)$ (B) one – one in $[0, 2)$
- (C) Invertible in $[0, 3)$ (D) Invertible in $[0, 2)$
4. The least integral value of k for which $(k-2)x^2 + 8x + k + 4 > \sin^{-1}(\sin 12) + \cos^{-1}(\cos 12)$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$, is
- (A) -7 (B) -5 (C) -3 (D) 5

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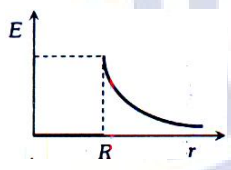
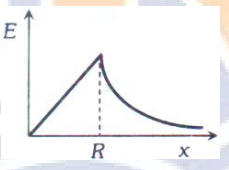
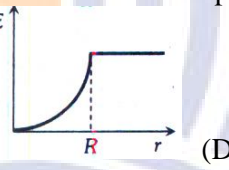
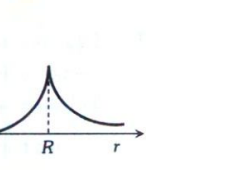
5. If $\begin{vmatrix} x^n & y^n & z^n \\ x^{n+2} & y^{n+2} & z^{n+2} \\ x^{n+3} & y^{n+3} & z^{n+3} \end{vmatrix} = (x-y)(y-z)(z-x)\left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z}\right)$ then
- (A) $n = 1$ (B) $n = -1$ (C) $n = 2$ (D) $n = -2$
6. Let X and Y be two arbitrary, 3×3 , non zero, skew-symmetric matrices and Z be an arbitrary 3×3 , non zero, symmetric matrix. Then which of the following matrices is (are) skew symmetric?
- (A) $Y^3Z^4 - Z^4Y^3$ (B) $X^{44} + Y^{44}$
(C) $X^4Z^3 - Z^3X^4$ (D) $X^{50} + Y^{40}$
7. The left hand derivative of $f(x) = [x]\sin(\pi x)$ at $x = k$, where k is an integer and $[.]$ denotes greatest integer function, is
- (A) $(-1)^k (k-1)\pi$ (B) $(-1)^{k-1} (k-1)\pi$
(C) $(-1)^k k\pi$ (D) $(-1)^{k-1} k\pi$
8. The no. of points at which the function $f(x) = (x - |x|)^2 (1 - x + |x|)^2$ is not differentiable in the interval $(-3, 4)$ is
- (A) 0 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) 3

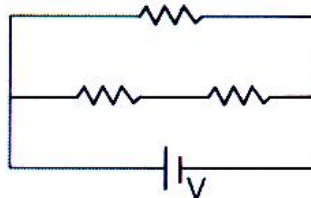
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9. The two curves $x = y^2$, $xy = a^3$ cut orthogonally at a point. The a^2 is equal to
- (A) $\frac{1}{3}$ (B) 3 (C) 2 (D) $\frac{1}{2}$
10. The triangle formed by the tangent to the curve $f(x) = x^2 + bx - b$ at the point (1, 1) and the coordinate axes lies in the first quadrant. If its area is 2, then the value of b is
- (A) -1 (B) 3 (C) -3 (D) 1
11. The function $f(x) = \frac{\log(\pi + x)}{\log(e + x)}$ is
- (A) increasing on $[0, \infty)$
(B) decreasing $[0, \infty)$
(C) increasing on $[0, \pi/e)$ and decreasing on $[\pi/e, \infty)$
(D) decreasing on $[0, \pi/e)$ and increasing on $[\pi/e, \infty)$
12. If $f(x) = \begin{cases} [x] + [-x], & x \neq 2 \\ \lambda, & x = 2 \end{cases}$ (where, $[.]$ denotes greatest integer function), f is continuous then λ equal to
- (A) -1 (B) 0 (C) 1 (D) 2
13. The point of non-differentiability of the function $f(x) = ||x - 1| - 1| - 1|$ are:
- (A) $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$ (B) $\{-1, 0, 1, 2, 3\}$ (C) $\{-1, 0, 1\}$ (D) None of these

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PHYSICS

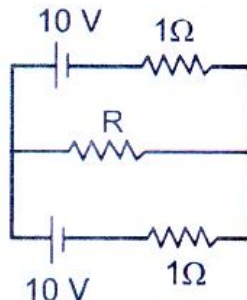
14. A charged particle of mass m_1 and charge q_1 is revolving in a circle of radius r . Another charged particle of charge q_2 and mass m_2 is situated at the centre of the circle. If the velocity and time period of the revolving particle be v and T respectively then
- (A) $v = \sqrt{\frac{q_1 q_2 r}{4\pi\epsilon_0 m_1}}$ (B) $v = \frac{1}{m_1} \sqrt{\frac{q_1 q_2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r}}$
 (C) $T = \sqrt{\frac{16\pi^3 \epsilon_0 m_1^2 r^3}{q_1 q_2}}$ (D) $T = \sqrt{\frac{16\pi^3 \epsilon_0 m_1 r^3}{q_1 q_2}}$
15. Two equal $-ve$ charges $-q$ are fixed at the points $(0, a)$ and $(0, -a)$ on the y -axis. A positive charge Q is released from rest at the point $(2a, 0)$ on the x -axis. The charge will
- (A) execute SHM about the origin
 (B) move to the origin and remain at rest
 (C) move to infinity
 (D) execute oscillatory but not SHM
16. Which of the following graphs shows the variation of electric field E due to a hollow spherical conductor of radius R as a function of distance from the centre of the sphere
- (A)  (B)  (C)  (D) 
17. Three identical resistors are connected across a voltage source V so that one of them is in parallel with two other which are connected in series as shown. The first one, compared to the power dissipated by each of the other two, is approximately;



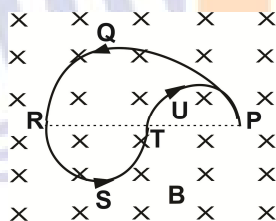
- (A) the same (B) half as much (C) twice as much (D) four times as much

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18. Maximum power developed across variable resistance R in the circuit shown in figure, is



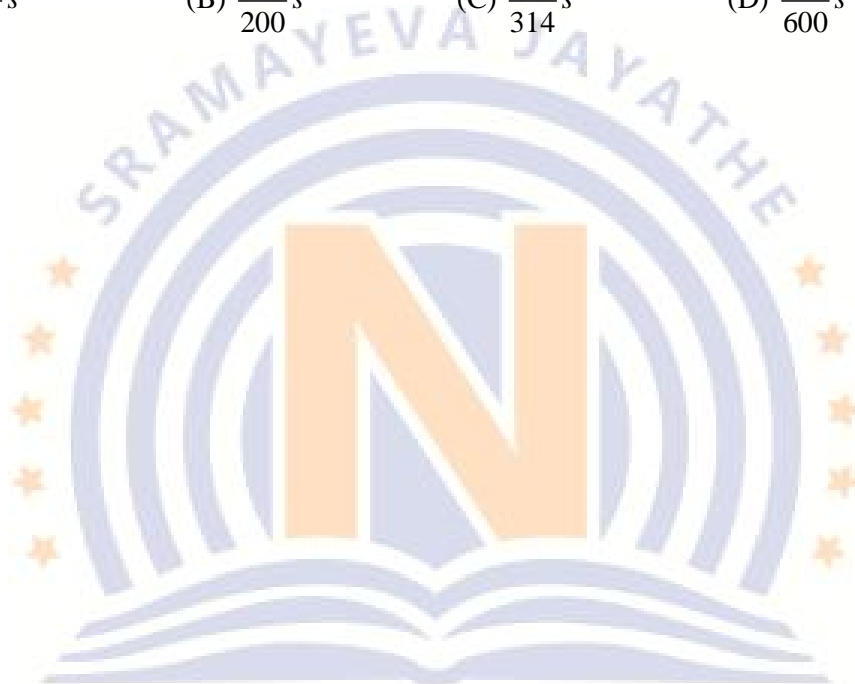
- (A) 50 watt (B) 75 watt (C) 25 watt (D) 100 watt
19. Eight drops of mercury of equal radii possessing equal charges combine to form a big drop. Then the capacitance of bigger drop compared to each individual small drop is
(A) 8 times (B) 4 times (C) 2 times (D) 32 times
20. A proton, a deuteron and an α -particle having the same kinetic energy are moving in trajectories in a constant magnetic field. If r_p , r_d and r_α denote respectively the radii of the trajectories of these particles, then
(A) $r_\alpha = r_p < r_d$ (B) $r_\alpha > r_d > r_p$ (C) $r_\alpha = r_d > r_p$ (D) $r_p = r_d = r_\alpha$
21. A semi-circular wire PQR of radius R is connected to a wire bent in the form of a sine curve RSTUP to form a closed loop as shown in the figure. If the loop carries a current I and is placed in a uniform magnetic field B , then the total force acting on the sine curve is:



- (A) $2BIR$ (downward). (B) $2BIR$ (upward).
(c) BIR (upward). (D) Zero.
22. If ϕ_1 and ϕ_2 be the angles of dip observed in two vertical planes at right angles to each other and ϕ be the true angle of dip, then
(A) $\cos^2 \phi = \cos^2 \phi_1 + \cos^2 \phi_2$ (B) $\sec^2 \phi = \sec^2 \phi_1 + \sec^2 \phi_2$
(C) $\tan^2 \phi = \tan^2 \phi_1 + \tan^2 \phi_2$ (D) $\cot^2 \phi = \cot^2 \phi_1 + \cot^2 \phi_2$

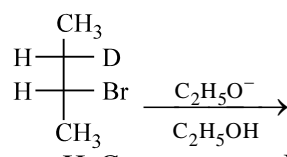
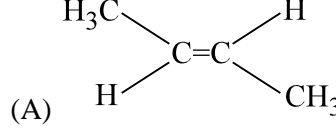
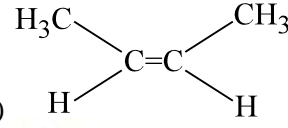
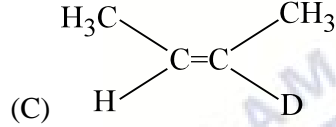
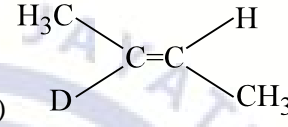
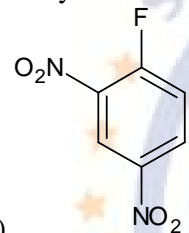
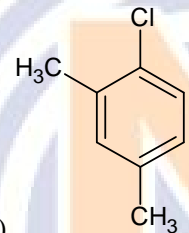
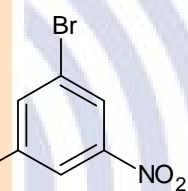
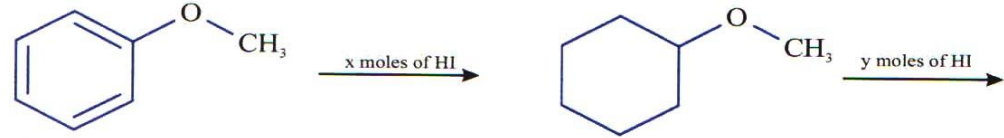
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23. A coil having n turns and resistance $R\Omega$ is connected with a galvanometer of resistance $4R\Omega$. This combination is moved in time t second from a magnetic flux ϕ_1 weber to ϕ_2 weber. The induced current in the circuit is:
- (A) $\frac{\phi_2 - \phi_1}{5Rnt}$ (B) $-\frac{n(\phi_2 - \phi_1)}{5Rt}$ (C) $-\frac{(\phi_2 - \phi_1)}{Rnt}$ (D) $-\frac{n(\phi_2 - \phi_1)}{Rt}$
24. The instantaneous emf in AC circuit is given by $E = 50 \sin(314 t)$ V, where t is in seconds. In how much time the emf will becomes 25 V starting from zero?
- (A) $\frac{1}{50} s$ (B) $\frac{1}{200} s$ (C) $\frac{1}{314} s$ (D) $\frac{1}{600} s$



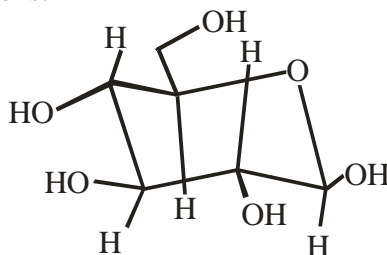
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CHEMISTRY

25.  $\xrightarrow[\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}]{\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}^-}$? Major product is:
- (A)  (B) 
- (C)  (D) 
26. Identify correct reactivity order for ArSN reaction
- (i)  (ii)  (iii) 
- (A) (i) > (ii) > (iii) (B) (ii) > (iii) > (i) (C) (i) > (iii) > (ii) (D) (iii) > (i) > (ii)
27. 
- Sum of x and y is
- (A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 4 (D) 5
28. $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{OH} \xrightarrow[\text{NaOH}, \Delta]{\text{CCl}_4} \text{X} \xrightarrow[\text{Heat}]{\text{Zn dust}} \text{Y} \xrightarrow[\text{Soda lime}]{\text{Na}} \text{Z}$
- In the above sequence Z is
- (A) toluene (B) cresol (C) benzene (D) benzol

Space for rough work

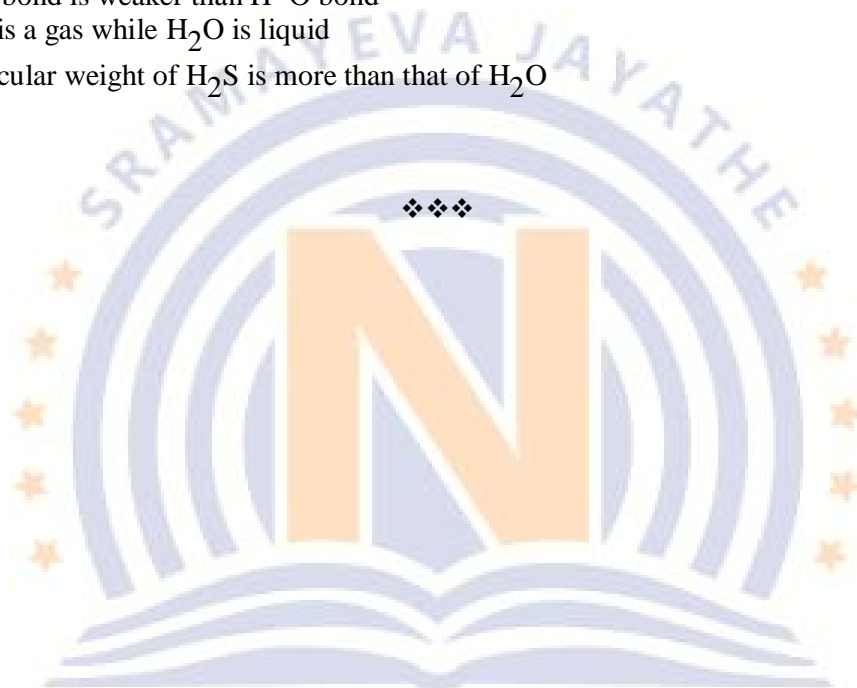
29. The following carbohydrate is:



- (A) a ketohexose (B) an aldohexose (C) an α -furanose (D) an α -pyranose
30. The structure of glycine (amino acid) is given below $\text{H}_3\text{N}^+\text{CH}_2 - \overset{\text{O}}{\parallel} \text{CO}^-$ is select the incorrect statement of the following
- (A) the above structure is known as zwitter ion
- (B) The acidic functional group in amino acids is $-\text{NH}_3^+$
- (C) The basic functional group in amino acids is $-\text{CO}_2^-$
- (D) Glycine is optically active amino acid
31. The ratio of volume of metal atoms occupied in one fcc unit cell and that of in one hcp unit cell is, respectively
- (A) 1:1 (B) 2:3 (C) 1:2 (D) 3:4
32. Number of solutions which have $\Delta H > 0$; $\Delta V > 0$; $\Delta S > 0$; $\Delta G < 0$
- $\underset{\text{mixer}}{\Delta H}$ $\underset{\text{mixer}}{\Delta V}$ $\underset{\text{mixer}}{\Delta S}$ $\underset{\text{mixer}}{\Delta G}$
- I) Bromo ethane + Chloro ethane
 II) Benzene + Toluene
 III) Ethanol + acetone
 IV) CS_2 + acetone
 V) Phenol + aniline
 VI) Chloroform + acetone
 VII) Pyridine + CH_3COOH
 VIII) $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{Cl}$ + $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{Br}$
 IX) CHCl_3 + CCl_4
 X) H_2O + HClO_4
- (A) 4 (B) 3 (C) 2 (D) 8
33. A molecule A_2B ($M_w = 166.4$) occupies triclinic lattice with $a = 5 \text{ \AA}$, $b = 8 \text{ \AA}$, and $c = 4 \text{ \AA}$. If the density of AB_2 is 5.2 g cm^{-3} , the number of molecules present in one unit cell is
- (A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 4 (D) 5

Space for rough work

34. Pressure over ideal binary liquid mixture containing 10 moles each of liquid A and B is gradually decreased isothermally. If $P_A^\circ = 200\text{ mm Hg}$ and $P_B^\circ = 100\text{ mm Hg}$, find the pressure at which half of the liquid is converted into vapour.
- (A) 150 mm Hg (B) 166.5 mm Hg
(C) 133 mm Hg (D) 141.4 mm Hg
35. Oxygen is more electronegative than sulphur, Yet H_2S is acidic while H_2O is neutral. This is because
- (A) Water is highly associated compound
(B) H- S bond is weaker than H- O bond
(C) H_2S is a gas while H_2O is liquid
(D) molecular weight of H_2S is more than that of H_2O



Space for rough work

COURSES OFFERED FOR STUDENTS STUDYING IN:

Class 7 th	Class 8 th	Class 9 th	Class 10 th	Class 11 th	Class 12 th
7 th Moving to 8 th	8 th Moving to 9 th	9 th Moving to 10 th	10 th Moving to 11 th	11 th Moving to 12 th	Studying Students
1,3 & 5 Year Integrated Courses	1,2 & 4 Year Integrated Courses	1 & 3 Year Integrated Courses	2 Year Integrated Courses	1 Year Integrated Courses	1 Year Repeater Courses
School / Board Exams, NTSE, Olympiads, NEET / JEE (MAIN & ADVANCED FOUNDATION)			NEET / JEE (MAIN & ADVANCED)		

SENSATIONAL SUCCESS

in JEE ADVANCED-2021

ALL INDIA OPEN CATEGORY



JEE MAIN 2021

ALL INDIA OPEN CATEGORY TOP 10 RANKS

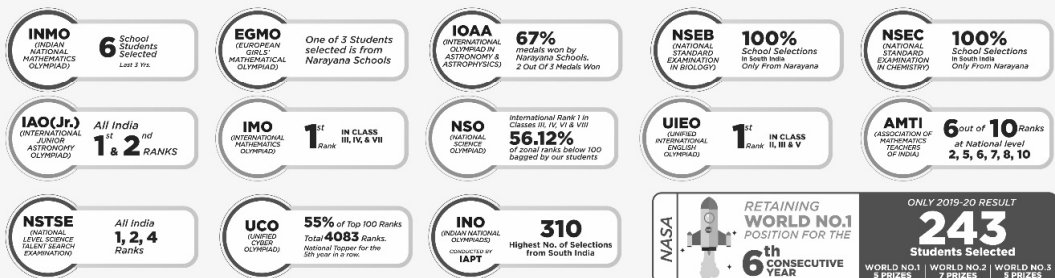


BELOW 100	25 RANKS	NARAYANA STUDENTS WHO SECURED HIGHEST PERCENTILE IN MATHS, PHYSICS & CHEMISTRY	Percentile & Above	in Maths	in Physics	in Chemistry	ALL CATEGORIES ALL INDIA RANKS BELOW 100 109			
BELOW 1000	126 RANKS		100	70	48	21				
TOTAL QUALIFIED FOR JEE-ADV.	15146		99	719	532	610				
			98	1325	864	1030				
			97	1648	1301	1352				
			96	2420	1490	1742				
			95	2969	1785	2095				
			94	3502	2076	2447				
			93	4035	2401	2807				
			92	4639	2746	3182				
			91	5225	3022	3539				
			90	5806	3364	3967				
			ALL CATEGORIES ALL INDIA RANKS BELOW 1000				564			
			NARAYANA STUDENTS QUALIFIED FOR JEE-ADVANCED				15146			

NEET- 2020



SOLID FOUNDATION GIVEN BY NARAYANA MAKES STUDENTS WORLD CHAMPIONS IN MATHS, PHYSICS, CHEMISTRY, BIOLOGY, ASTRONOMY, ENGLISH & CYBER OLYMPIADS



NARAYANA

IIT-JEE / NEET / FOUNDATIONS

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