(CODE : 1P)





# <u>NSAT-2021</u>

Class IX Moving to Class X

MAT, MATHEMATICS, PHYSICS, CHEMISTRY & BIOLOGY

NARAYANA SCHOLASTIC APTITUDE TEST (NSAT)

Time: 1:00 Hr.

Date : 28-11-21

Maximum marks: 140

### **IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. The test Booklet consists of 35 questions. The maximum marks are 140.
- 2. There are five parts in the question paper of MAT, Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry & Biology having 35 questions. Each question is allotted 4 (four) marks for each correct response.

SET-1

- 3. No Negative Marking.
- 4. Mark only one correct answer out of four alternatives.
- 5. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars/marking.
- 6. Use of Calculator is not allowed.
- 7. Dark the circle in the space provided only.
- 8. Use of white fluid or any other material which damage the answer sheet, is not permissible on the Answer Sheet.

#### TO BE FILLED IN CAPITAL LETTERS



EDUCATION IS INTEGRAL FOR GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT

Education is integral for the growth and development of an individual. The expectation from an educational institute is always about making the society better for all and to bring out one's true Potential in the service of mankind.

At Narayana, we believe that a student's education is complete only when we are able to contribute towards his/her overall development besides imparting knowledge based and career oriented training.

With an aim to provide top of the league training to students to excel in every sphere of their lives, Narayana Group has been focusing on result oriented inputs.

Narayana's courses have been designed to cater to all the needs of the aspirants to help them excel in various competitive as well as Board examinations. Innovative strategies and techniques adopted in our centres keep our students abreast of the ever-changing pattern of top level Engineering/Medical Entrance Exams. As a result, Narayana's timetested learning formulae are percolating to far-flung corners of India to benefit students from all backgrounds.

"Footprints on the sands of time are not made by sitting down". Today we rededicate the last 4 decades of our success to your dreams. I wish all our students a very successful academic year ahead.

**Dr. P. NARAYANA** Founder, Narayana Group

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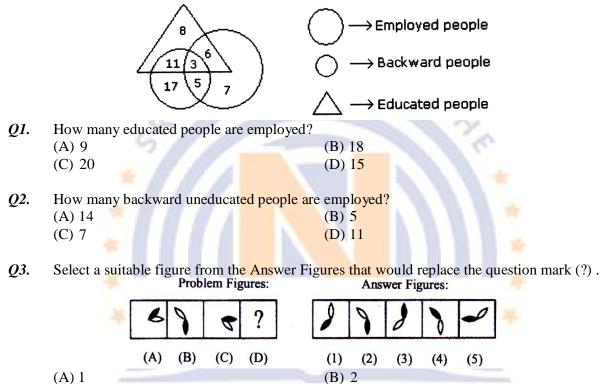
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(a)

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#### MENTAL ABILITY

Direction:- (Q. No. 1 & 2):-Study the following figure and answer the question given below:

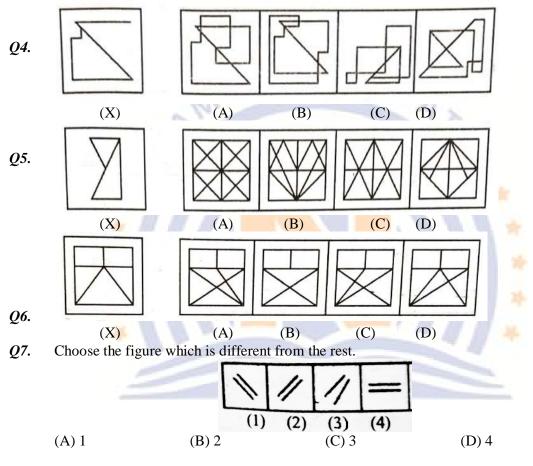




Space for rough work

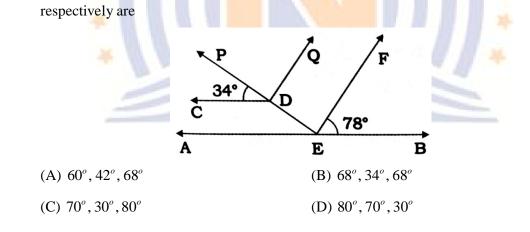
(D) 4

Direction(Question 4 to 6): In each of the following questions, you are given a fig.(X) followed by four alternative figures (A), (B), (C) and (D) such that fig. (X) is embedded in one of them. Trace out the alternative figure which contains fig. (X) as its part.

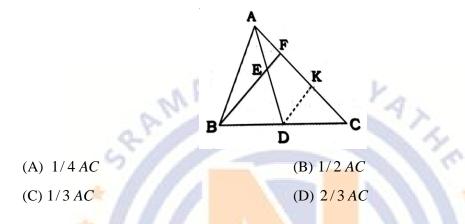


## MATHS

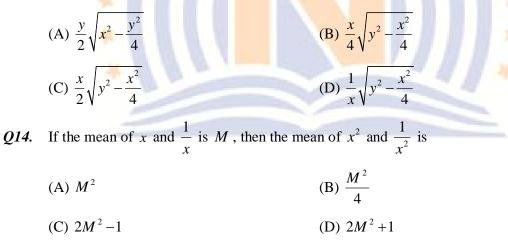
<i>Q8</i> .	The number of integers between $-\sqrt{8}$ and $\sqrt{32}$ is :		
	(A) 5	(B) 6	
	(C) 7	(D) 8	
Q9.	The point $(-3, 2)$ is at a distance of	units from Y-axis	
	(A) 2 units	(B) 3 units	
	(C) –3 unit	(D) 5 units	
<i>Q10</i> .	The solution of $x + 2y = 4$ and $7x + 4y = 18$ is		
	(A) $x = 2, y = 1$	(B) $x = 3, y = 1$	
	(C) $x = 4, y = 4$	(D) $x = 5, y = 2$	
<i>Q11</i> .	In given figure $AB \parallel CD$ and $EF \parallel DQ$ .	Then the value of $\angle PDQ$ , $\angle AED$ and $\angle DEF$	



**Q12.** In  $\triangle ABC$ , AD is the median through A and E is the mid-point of AD. BE produced meets AC at F. Then the value of AF is equal to



**Q13.** The area of an isosceles triangle having the base  $x \, cm$  and one side  $y \, cm$  is



## PHYSICS *Q15*. Acceleration is positive when (A) Velocity of a body increases with time (B) Velocity of a body decreases with time (C) Velocity of a body constant with time (D) All of these *Q16*. For a moving body distance travelled is (B) Always negative (A) Always positive (C) May be positive or negative (D) May be zero A boy standing at the top of a tower of 20m height drops a stone assuming $g = 10 ms^{-2}$ the *Q17*. velocity with which it hits the ground is (A) $20 ms^{-1}$ (B) $40 ms^{-1}$ (C) $5 m s^{-1}$ (D) $10 ms^{-1}$ If a body covers first half of its journey with uniform speed $v_1$ and the second half of the *Q18*. journey with uniform speed $v_2$ then the average speed is (B) $\frac{2v_1v_2}{v_1+v_2}$ (A) $v_1 + v_2$ (C) $\frac{v_1 v_2}{v_1 + v_2}$ (D) $v_1 v_2$

- *Q19.* A constant force (F) is applied on a stationary particle of mass 'm'. The velocity attained by the particle in a certain displacement will be proportional to
  - (A) m (B) 1/m
  - (C)  $\sqrt{m}$  (D)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}}$
- **Q20.** A force produces an acceleration of in  $a_1$  body and the same force produces an acceleration of  $a_2$  in another body. If the two bodies are combined and the same force is applied on the combination, the acceleration produced in it is

(A) 
$$a_1 + a_2$$
  
(B)  $\frac{a_1 + a_2}{a_1 a_2}$   
(C)  $\frac{a_1 a_2}{a_1 + a_2}$   
(D)  $\sqrt{a_1 a_2}$ 

*Q21. n* balls each of mass m impinge elastically in each second on a surface with velocity u. The average force experienced by the surface will be

(A) mnu	(B) 2mnu
(C) 4mnu	(D) Mnu/2

	CHEM	ISTRY	
<i>Q22</i> .	15g of a salt dissolved in 60g of water to form a saturated solution at 600°C Calculate the		
	solubility of the salt at this temperature.		
	(A) 100	(B) 75	
	(C) 50	(D) 25	
	(C) 50	- AVA	
<i>Q23</i> .	Which of the following is not a true solution:		
	(A) copper sulphate in water	(B) ethanol in water	
	(C) NaCl in water	(D) none of these	
<i>Q24</i> .	Which of the following refers to the ability	of one substance to dissolve in another at a given	
	temperature and pressure?		
	(A) Distillation	(B) Suspension	
	(C) Solvent	(D) Solubility	
<i>Q25</i> .	The atomicity of K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> is	*	
	(A) 9	(B) 11	
	(C) 10	(D) 12	
<i>Q26</i> .	1u or 1 amu means		
	(A) 1/12 <sup>th</sup> mass of one C-12 atom	(B) Mass of C-12 atom	
	(C) Mass of O-16 atom	(D) Mass of hydrogen molecule	

Q27. An element X is divalent and another element Y is tetravalent. The compound formed by these two elements will be:
(A) XY
(B) XY2
(C) X2Y
(D) XY4

Q28. 0.25 mole of oxygen molecules contains

(A) 0.25 × N<sub>A</sub> molecules
(B) 0.5 × N<sub>A</sub> atoms
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) None

	BIOLOGY		
<i>Q29</i> .	Examples of congenital disease are		
	(A) Albinism	(B) Sickle cell anaemia	
	(C) Hemophilia	(D) All the above	
<i>Q30</i> .	The primary organ affected during tuberculosis is		
	(A) Bone, marrow	(B) spleen	
	(C) intestine	(D) lungs	
<i>Q31</i> .	A plastid capable of producing all other types is		
	(A) Chloroplast	(B) Leucoplast	
	(C) Amyloplast	(D) All of these	
<i>Q32</i> .	2. Which of the following subunits are found in eukaryotic 80 S ribosomes?		
	(A) 50 S and 40 S	(B) <mark>40 S an</mark> d 40 S	
	(C) 60 S and 40 S	(D) 50 S and 30 S	
<i>Q33</i> .	Stratified epithelium has maximum role in.		
	(A) absorption	(B) secretion	
	(C) excretion	(D) protection	
<i>Q34</i> .	I. The water conducting tissue generally present in gymnosperm is		
	(A) vessels	(B) sieve tube	
	(C) tracheids	(D) xylem fibres	
Q35.	Intercalated disc is present in		
	(A) striated muscle	(B) smooth muscle	
	(C) cardiac muscle	(D) both 2 and 3	

 $\mathfrak{K} \mathfrak{S} \mathfrak{K} \mathfrak{S} \mathfrak{K}$ 

