## SAMPLE PAPER-1

## Verbal \&Non Verbal Reasoning

Q1. $\mathbf{A}$ and $B$ are brothers .
C andDare sisters. A's son is D's brother.
How is B related to C ?
(a) Father
(b) Uncle
(c) Brother
(d) Grandfather

Q2. In some detective coding language ,CALCUTTA is coded as GEPGYXXE then which of the following would be coded asFSQFCE
(a) BOMYAB
(b) BOMBYA
(c) BOMBAY
(d) BOBAMY

Q3. Find the missing number in the given figure :

(a) 5
(b) 9
(c) 11
(d) 13

Q4.Two positions of a dice are shown here .
How many dots are there on the face opposite to the face with four dots?


## LEARN(Th)TEST

## SAMPLE PAPER- 1

(a) 2
(b) 3
(c) 5
(d) 6

Q5.Which of the following Venn diagrams best represents the relationship amongst "Petals, Bouquet , Flower" ?
(a)

(b)

(b)

(d)


Case Based Study
Direction : Read the attached passage \& answer the question Q6


Fig.(1) Egg dipping into HCl


Fig.(2) Bubbles comes out

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## SAMPLE PAPER-1

## to Q7

Henry did an experiment with muriatic acid\& whole Egg?.
Fig.(1) He dipped the whole-Egg in abeakerfilled withmuriatic acid.
Fig(2) Bubbles come out slowly initially andlater it formed dense effervescences.
Fig(3) Effervescencescan be seen at the mouth of the Beaker.
Answer the following Questions

Q6. Chemical formula of Muriatic Acid
(a) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
(b) $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{COOH}$
(c) $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{3}$
(D) HCl

Q7. What is the Reason of dense effervescences
(a) Ammonia is produced as a gas which bubbles out
(b) Carbon di oxide gas is produced which bubbles out
(c) Hydrogen gas is produced which bubbles out
(d) Bubbles is due tooxygen attached with the Eggs Shell

## Multiple Choice Question [MCQ]

Q8.Marble and chalk are two forms of calcium carbonate.


## SAMPLE PAPER-1

The diagram shows equal masses of lumps of marble and powdered chalk placed in dilute hydrochloric acid.
Why marble takes more timethan chalk to dissolve in acid.
(a) Marble is more reactive than chalk.
(b) Marble is more soluble than chalk.
(c) The marble has smaller surface area as compared to chalk.
(d) The marble is more basic.

Q9.Zinc bar is dipped into Copper Sulphate Solution

$$
\mathrm{Zn}+\mathrm{Cu}^{2+} \mathrm{SO}_{4}^{2-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Zn}^{2+} \mathrm{SO}_{4}^{2-}+\mathrm{Cu}
$$

Write the Reducing \& Oxidising Agent for the above reaction:
(a) Zn is Oxidising , Cu is Reducing Agent
(b) Zn is Oxidising , $\mathrm{SO}_{4}^{2-}$ is Reducing Agent
(c)CuSO4 is Oxidising , Zn is Reducing Agent
(d)Cu is Oxidising, $\mathrm{SO}_{4}^{2-}$ is Reducing Agent

Q10.The graph given below depicts a neutralization reaction


## SAMPLE PAPER-1

## Acid+ Alkali $\rightarrow$ Salt + Water

The pH of a solution changes as we add excess of alkali to an acid

Which letter denotes the area of the graph where both alkali\& salt are present ?
(a) A
(b) B
(c) C
(d) D

Q11. $\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{Q}, \mathbf{R}$ and $\mathbf{S}$ are four metals.
$\mathbf{P}$ reacts rapidly with dilute acid, but it slowly forms bubbles of gas in cold water.

S reacts slowly with dilute acid, but it displaces
$\mathbf{Q}$ from an aqueous solution of its salt.
$\mathbf{R}$ reacts rapidly with cold water.
What is the order of reactivity of the metals ?

|  | least reactive $\longrightarrow$ most reactive |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | Q | S | P | R |
| B | R | P | S | Q |
| C | R | S | P | Q |
| D | S | Q | P | R |

Q12.Dilutingacid with water is an exothermic reaction. How will you protect yourself from accidentswhile diluting a concentrated acid?
(a) By adding acid to water with constant stirring.
(b) By adding water to acid with constant stirring.
(c) By adding water to acid followed by base.
(d) By adding base to acid with constant stirring.

## SAMPLE PAPER-1

Q13. The $P^{H}$ of the solution is given as :
(a) $P^{H}=\log \left[H^{+}\right]$(aq.)
(b) $P^{H}=-\log \left[H^{+}\right]$(aq.)
(c) $P^{H}=\left[H^{+}\right]$(aq.)
(d) None of these

## Assertion \& Reason

The given below Statement in Assertion(A) is followed by a statement of Reason(R).
Make the correct choice of that :
(a) Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are both True and Reason is the Correct Explanation
(b) Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are both True but the Reason(R) is not the correct
explanation.
(c) Assertion(A) is Correct but Reason(R) is not Correct.
(d) Assertion(A) is not Correct but Reason(R) is Correct.
$========================================$
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Q14.
Assertion : It is a

Reason: It contain two
 Bleaching Powder anions

Q15. Assertion: $3 \mathrm{Fe}+4 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ (steam) $\rightarrow \mathrm{Fe}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}+4 \mathrm{H}_{2}$
the reaction is a balanced chemical equation.
Reason :Thechemical equation followsthe Law of conservation of mass.

Science Class- X

## SAMPLE PAPER-1

## Achiever's Section



Q16.From the above fig.,determine the correct graph for $\boldsymbol{H}^{+}$ionsConcentration\& $\boldsymbol{P}^{\boldsymbol{H}}$

## (A)


(B)

(D)


Q17. Which reaction is Decomposition Reaction :
(a) $\mathrm{Zn}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{ZnSO}_{4}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \uparrow$
(b) $\mathrm{KClO}_{3} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{MnO}_{2}} \mathrm{KCl}++\mathrm{O}_{2} \uparrow$
(c) $\mathrm{BaCl}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{BaSO}_{4}+2 \mathrm{HCl}$
(d) $\mathrm{CuO}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cu}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
$\qquad$

## SAMPLE PAPER- 1

Q18. Which metal ion gives a white precipitate with aqueous sodium hydroxide and with aqueous ammonia?
(a) $\mathrm{Cu}^{+2}$
(b) $F e^{+2}$
(c) $\mathrm{Fe}^{+3}$
(d) $Z n^{+2}$


Q19. Select the specific reaction shown in above reaction :
(a) Neutralization reaction
(b) Decomposition
(c) Combination
(d) Half-filled Reaction

Q20. What would be the Product [A] in the above Venn diagram.
(a) Alkali
(b) Salt
(c) Base
(d) Acid

## SAMPLE PAPER- 1

## KEY : MOCK TEST-01

## Verbal \&Non Verbal Reasoning

Q1: Answer :(b) Uncle
Q2: Answer :(b) BOMBYA
Q3: Answer :(b) 9
Q4: Answer :(a) 2
Q5: Answer :(a)

Case Based Study
Q6. Answer: (D) HCl
Q7.Answer :(b) Carbon di oxide gas is produced which bubbles out

## Multiple Choice Question [MCQ]

Q8.(c) The marble has the smaller surface area.

Q9.(c) Cu is Oxidising , Zn is Reducing Agent
Q10.(d) D
Q11. Answer (A)
Q12. Answer (a) By adding acid to water with constant stirring.
Q13. Answer (b) $P^{H}=-\log \left[H^{+}\right]$(aq.)

## SAMPLE PAPER-1

## Assertion \& Reason

The given below Statement in Assertion(A) is followed by a statement of Reason(R).Make the correct choice of that :
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(c) Assertion(A) is Correct but Reason(R) is not Correct.
(d) Assertion(A) is not Correct but Reason(R) is Correct.

Q14. Answer :(a) Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are both True and Reason is the correct explanation of assertion

Q15. Answer :(a) Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are both True and Reason is the Correct explanation of assertion

## Achiever's Section

## Q16: Answer (A)

Q17: Answer (b) $\mathrm{KClO}_{3}+\mathrm{MnO}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{KCl}+\mathrm{MnO}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{2} \uparrow$
Q18: Answer (d) $\mathrm{Zn}^{+2}$
Q19:Answer: (a) Neutralization reaction
Q20:Answer:(b) Salt


[^0]:    Fig.(3) Bubbles makes dense effervescences

